

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS STUDY

**FOR
APN: 118-270-024 & 118-270-054
W. 2nd STREET & 91 FREEWAY
CITY OF CORONA
CALIFORNIA**

OWNER:

**GREENS GROUP
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PREPARED BY:



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May 2024



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- 100- Year Synthetic Unit Hydrograph
 - Hydrology Map

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INTRODUCTION

The proposed project entails the construction of two new buildings, a gas canopy with an associated parking lot, a infiltration trench on a 1.4-acre site and proposed sidewalk improvements along W. Second street is located in Corona, California. The project is located north of the W. Second Street at the State Highway 91 onramp between South Buena Vista Avenue and South Lincoln Avenue in the City of Corona, California.



Figure 1- Site Location



METHODOLOGY

The hydrology calculations were performed using the Civil Cad/Civil Design procedures.

Peak discharge to basin is determined by the following equation:

$$Q = CIA$$

Where:

Q = peak discharge, in cubic feet per second (ft^3/s)

C = runoff coefficient, proportion of the rainfall that runs off the surface (no units)

I = average rainfall intensity (in/hr)

A = drainage area contributing to the design location (acres)

Included in this report are the Pre-development and post-development condition of 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm hydrology calculations.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing site is currently vacant. The site was demolished prior to the construction of the W. Second St. alignment between South Buena Vista Avenue and South Lincoln Avenue. Under existing conditions, flow that originates onsite flows towards two different directions with a ridgeline crossing the site.

The south area of the ridge line flows towards the south-east corner of the site towards W. Second St. There is no storm drain onsite and no storm drain on W. Second St., water sheet flows out to the street. The project area of 1.4 acres currently results in a discharge of approximately 1.58 cfs for a 10-year storm and 2.59 cfs for a 100-year storm.

The north area of the ridge lines flows towards the north-west of the site towards the Caltrans right of way. This top area of 0.38 acres currently results in a discharge of approximately 0.81 cfs for a 10-year storm and 1.31 for a 100-year storm.

PROPOSED SITE CONDITIONS

The site is a drive-thru and a convenience store with provided parking in between. The site has been divided into one (1) drainage areas based on the storm drain layout and sizing.

The main drainage pattern will be similar to the existing condition. There is no off-site drainage runoff from the area surrounding the site. The proposed onsite sheet flows throughout the site layout and conveys the discharge into an infiltration trench within the site. The infiltration trench was based to contain the 85th percentile 24-hour duration storm event for water quality volume only in accordance with section 4 of the Water Quality Management Plan – Technical Guidance Document for the Santa Ana Region of Riverside County. The Flood events larger than water quality volume, when the infiltration trench has reached capacity, the excess runoff will be discharged into W 2nd Street through a proposed parkway drain. Storm flows generated by the project site travel easterly along 2nd street and Buena Vista Avenue. The infiltration trench will contain and infiltrate the water quality volume for the 85th percentile 24-hour duration storm event and mitigate for a 100 yr. flood pre/post condition. The infiltration trench is located along the northerly property line and will take care of flows from the roof drains, parking lot of the site, and concrete flatwork. For emergency purposes, the parkway drain will serve as the 100-year overflow and discharge into W. Second Ave. existing curb and gutter.

CONCLUSION

Hydrology Results

System	Exist. Q2 (cfs)	Exist. Q10 (cfs)	Exist. Q100 (cfs)	Proposed Q100 (cfs)	Proposed Q10 (cfs)	Proposed Q2 (cfs)	Water Quality Vol (req) (CF)	Flood Vol (pre/post) (CF)	Provided Volume (CF)
A	0.89	1.58	2.59	4.60	2.96	1.82	2,604.5		3,567
Total	0.89	1.58	2.59	4.60	2.96	1.82	2,604.5	3,450	3,567

The project proposes an infiltration trench along the northerly property line. The drainage management area requires a water quality volume of 2,604.5. The total volume provided by the infiltration trench is 3,567 cubic feet. Therefore, the volume provided is greater than the required volume. Refer to WQMP report for calculations.

Synthetic Unit Hydrograph results indicate: 100 year – 24 hr

Pre-development condition= 22,687 CF

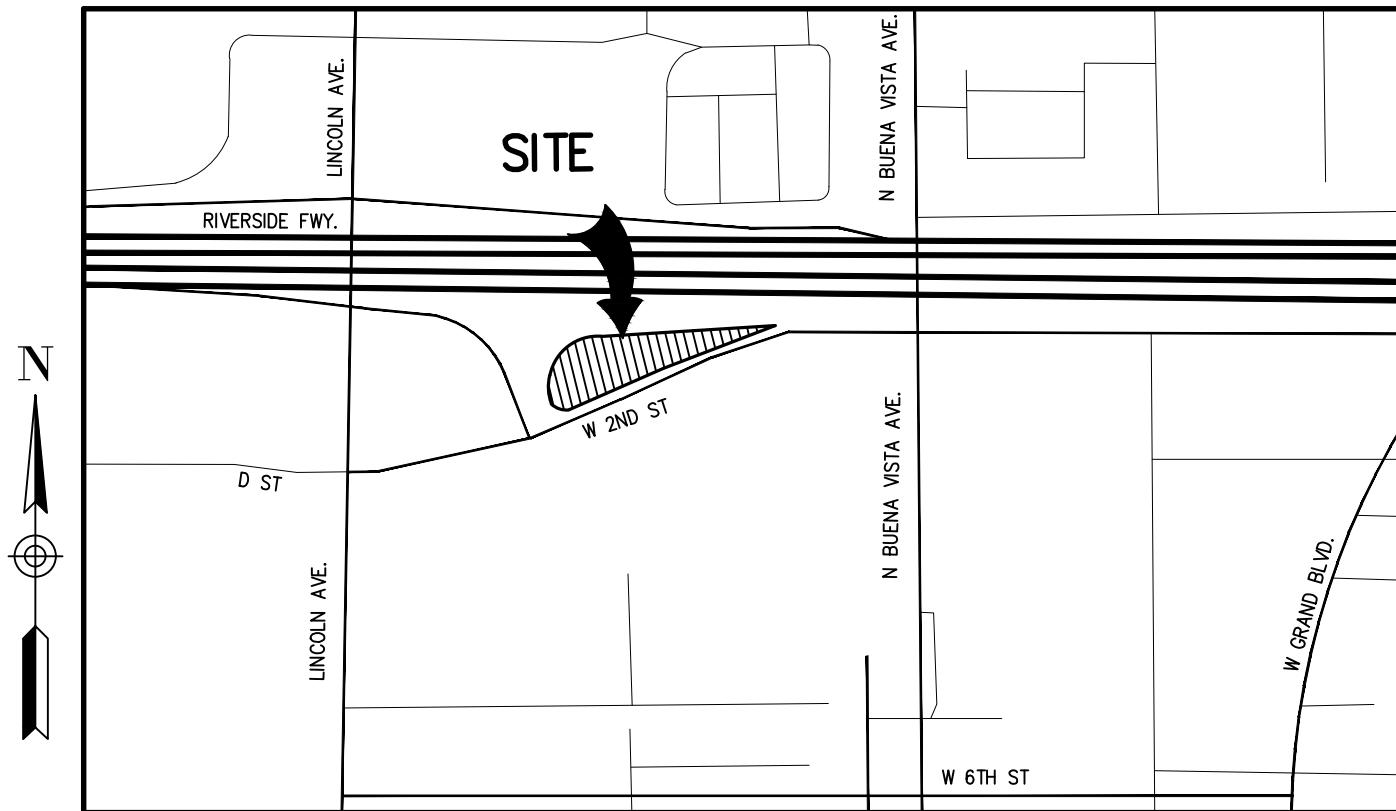
Post-development condition= **26,137 CF**

Pre/Post Difference= 26,137- 22,687 = **3,450 CF**

Infiltration Trench Capacity

Infiltration Trench 1: Provided Volume **3,567 CF**, Area= 1,486 SF

3,567 CF is greater than 3,450 CF Pre/Post difference.

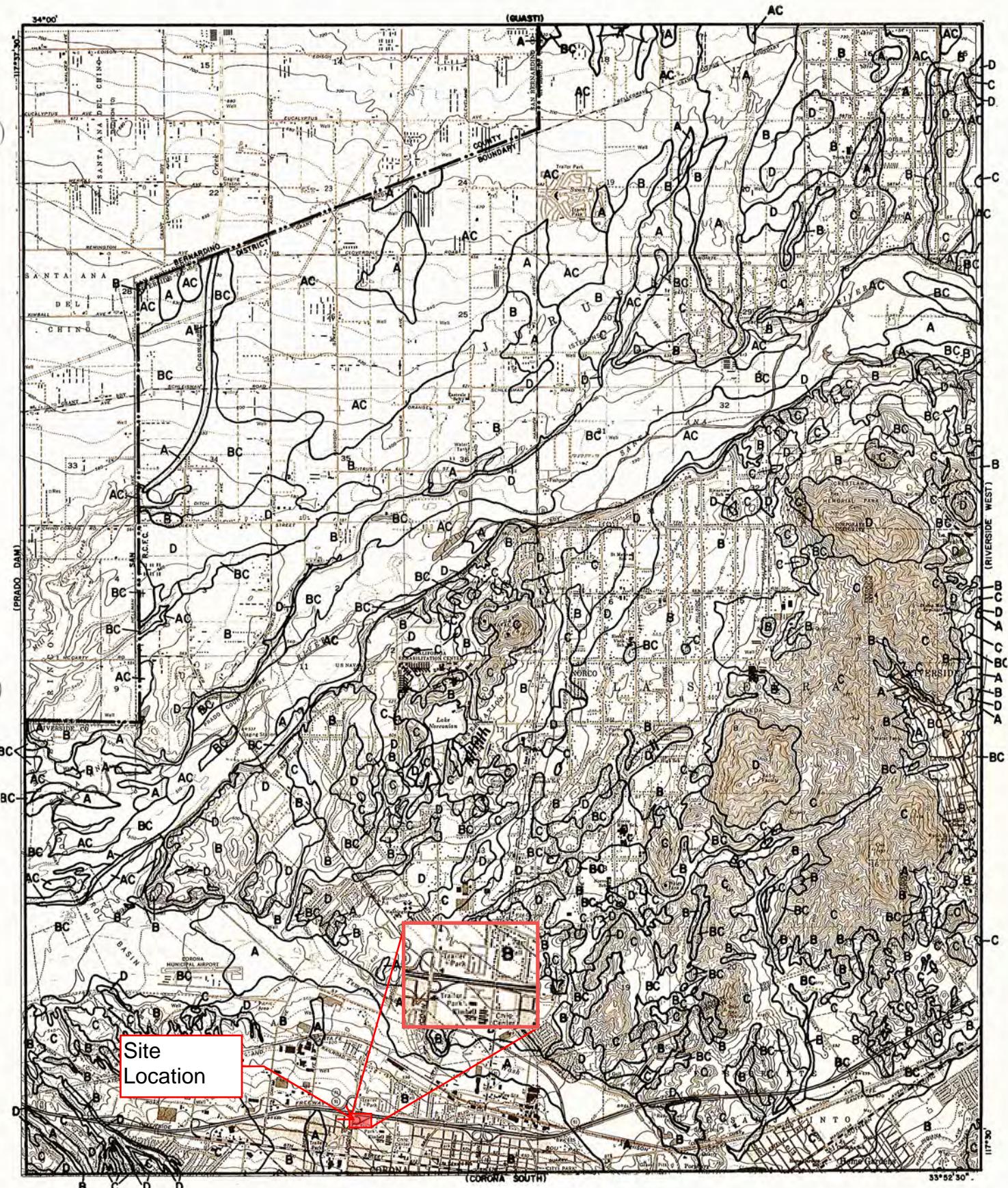


VICINITY MAP

SECTION 26, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 7 WEST
NOT TO SCALE

II. HYDRAULIC PARAMETERS

- Soil group
- Rainfall Data





NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2
Location name: Corona, California, USA*
Latitude: 33.8802°, Longitude: -117.5718°
Elevation: 630 ft**
 * source: ESRI Maps
 ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Uhruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF_tabular](#) | [PF_graphical](#) | [Maps & aerials](#)

PF tabular

Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.102 (0.085-0.123)	0.137 (0.114-0.165)	0.183 (0.153-0.222)	0.222 (0.184-0.272)	0.278 (0.221-0.352)	0.321 (0.251-0.416)	0.367 (0.279-0.488)	0.416 (0.307-0.569)	0.484 (0.342-0.692)	0.539 (0.367-0.799)
10-min	0.146 (0.122-0.177)	0.196 (0.163-0.237)	0.263 (0.219-0.318)	0.319 (0.263-0.390)	0.398 (0.317-0.504)	0.461 (0.359-0.597)	0.527 (0.400-0.700)	0.596 (0.440-0.816)	0.694 (0.490-0.992)	0.772 (0.526-1.14)
15-min	0.177 (0.148-0.214)	0.237 (0.198-0.286)	0.318 (0.265-0.385)	0.386 (0.318-0.472)	0.481 (0.384-0.610)	0.557 (0.434-0.722)	0.637 (0.484-0.846)	0.721 (0.532-0.987)	0.839 (0.593-1.20)	0.934 (0.636-1.38)
30-min	0.261 (0.218-0.315)	0.349 (0.291-0.422)	0.468 (0.390-0.567)	0.568 (0.469-0.695)	0.709 (0.565-0.898)	0.821 (0.640-1.06)	0.938 (0.713-1.25)	1.06 (0.784-1.45)	1.24 (0.873-1.77)	1.38 (0.937-2.04)
60-min	0.387 (0.323-0.467)	0.517 (0.432-0.625)	0.693 (0.577-0.841)	0.842 (0.695-1.03)	1.05 (0.837-1.33)	1.22 (0.948-1.58)	1.39 (1.06-1.85)	1.57 (1.16-2.16)	1.83 (1.29-2.62)	2.04 (1.39-3.02)
2-hr	0.573 (0.480-0.692)	0.759 (0.634-0.917)	1.01 (0.840-1.22)	1.22 (1.01-1.49)	1.51 (1.20-1.92)	1.74 (1.36-2.26)	1.99 (1.51-2.64)	2.24 (1.66-3.07)	2.60 (1.84-3.72)	2.88 (1.96-4.28)
3-hr	0.711 (0.595-0.859)	0.940 (0.786-1.14)	1.25 (1.04-1.51)	1.51 (1.24-1.84)	1.87 (1.49-2.36)	2.15 (1.68-2.79)	2.45 (1.86-3.25)	2.76 (2.04-3.78)	3.19 (2.26-4.57)	3.54 (2.41-5.25)
6-hr	0.999 (0.836-1.21)	1.33 (1.11-1.61)	1.77 (1.48-2.15)	2.14 (1.77-2.62)	2.66 (2.12-3.36)	3.06 (2.38-3.96)	3.48 (2.64-4.62)	3.91 (2.89-5.36)	4.52 (3.19-6.46)	5.00 (3.41-7.42)
12-hr	1.28 (1.07-1.55)	1.76 (1.47-2.12)	2.38 (1.99-2.89)	2.90 (2.40-3.55)	3.62 (2.88-4.58)	4.17 (3.25-5.40)	4.75 (3.61-6.31)	5.34 (3.94-7.32)	6.17 (4.36-8.82)	6.82 (4.65-10.1)
24-hr	1.69 (1.49-1.95)	2.37 (2.10-2.74)	3.28 (2.89-3.80)	4.02 (3.52-4.70)	5.04 (4.27-6.08)	5.83 (4.84-7.18)	6.64 (5.38-8.37)	7.49 (5.90-9.69)	8.64 (6.54-11.7)	9.55 (6.99-13.3)
2-day	2.12 (1.87-2.44)	3.00 (2.65-3.46)	4.16 (3.66-4.81)	5.11 (4.47-5.97)	6.42 (5.44-7.74)	7.44 (6.17-9.16)	8.49 (6.87-10.7)	9.58 (7.55-12.4)	11.1 (8.38-14.9)	12.2 (8.96-17.1)
3-day	2.30 (2.04-2.65)	3.26 (2.88-3.77)	4.54 (4.00-5.26)	5.60 (4.89-6.53)	7.05 (5.96-8.50)	8.18 (6.78-10.1)	9.34 (7.57-11.8)	10.6 (8.32-13.7)	12.2 (9.26-16.5)	13.6 (9.92-18.9)
4-day	2.51 (2.22-2.89)	3.56 (3.15-4.11)	4.97 (4.38-5.75)	6.13 (5.36-7.15)	7.73 (6.54-9.32)	8.99 (7.45-11.1)	10.3 (8.33-13.0)	11.6 (9.17-15.1)	13.5 (10.2-18.2)	15.0 (11.0-20.9)
7-day	2.88 (2.55-3.32)	4.08 (3.61-4.71)	5.69 (5.02-6.59)	7.04 (6.15-8.21)	8.90 (7.53-10.7)	10.4 (8.59-12.7)	11.9 (9.62-15.0)	13.5 (10.6-17.4)	15.7 (11.9-21.1)	17.4 (12.8-24.3)
10-day	3.10 (2.75-3.58)	4.40 (3.88-5.08)	6.14 (5.41-7.11)	7.60 (6.64-8.87)	9.63 (8.15-11.6)	11.2 (9.32-13.8)	12.9 (10.5-16.3)	14.7 (11.6-19.0)	17.1 (13.0-23.1)	19.1 (14.0-26.6)
20-day	3.72 (3.29-4.29)	5.27 (4.65-6.08)	7.38 (6.51-8.55)	9.18 (8.03-10.7)	11.7 (9.93-14.1)	13.8 (11.4-17.0)	15.9 (12.9-20.1)	18.2 (14.4-23.6)	21.5 (16.3-29.0)	24.1 (17.7-33.6)
30-day	4.41 (3.90-5.08)	6.22 (5.49-7.18)	8.73 (7.69-10.1)	10.9 (9.51-12.7)	14.0 (11.8-16.8)	16.5 (13.7-20.3)	19.2 (15.5-24.1)	22.0 (17.4-28.5)	26.1 (19.8-35.2)	29.5 (21.6-41.1)
45-day	5.24 (4.64-6.05)	7.33 (6.48-8.47)	10.3 (9.05-11.9)	12.8 (11.2-15.0)	16.5 (14.0-19.9)	19.6 (16.3-24.1)	22.9 (18.5-28.8)	26.5 (20.9-34.3)	31.7 (24.0-42.7)	35.9 (26.3-50.1)
60-day	6.04 (5.34-6.96)	8.36 (7.38-9.65)	11.6 (10.3-13.5)	14.5 (12.7-17.0)	18.8 (15.9-22.6)	22.3 (18.5-27.4)	26.1 (21.1-32.9)	30.3 (23.9-39.2)	36.4 (27.6-49.1)	41.5 (30.4-57.9)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

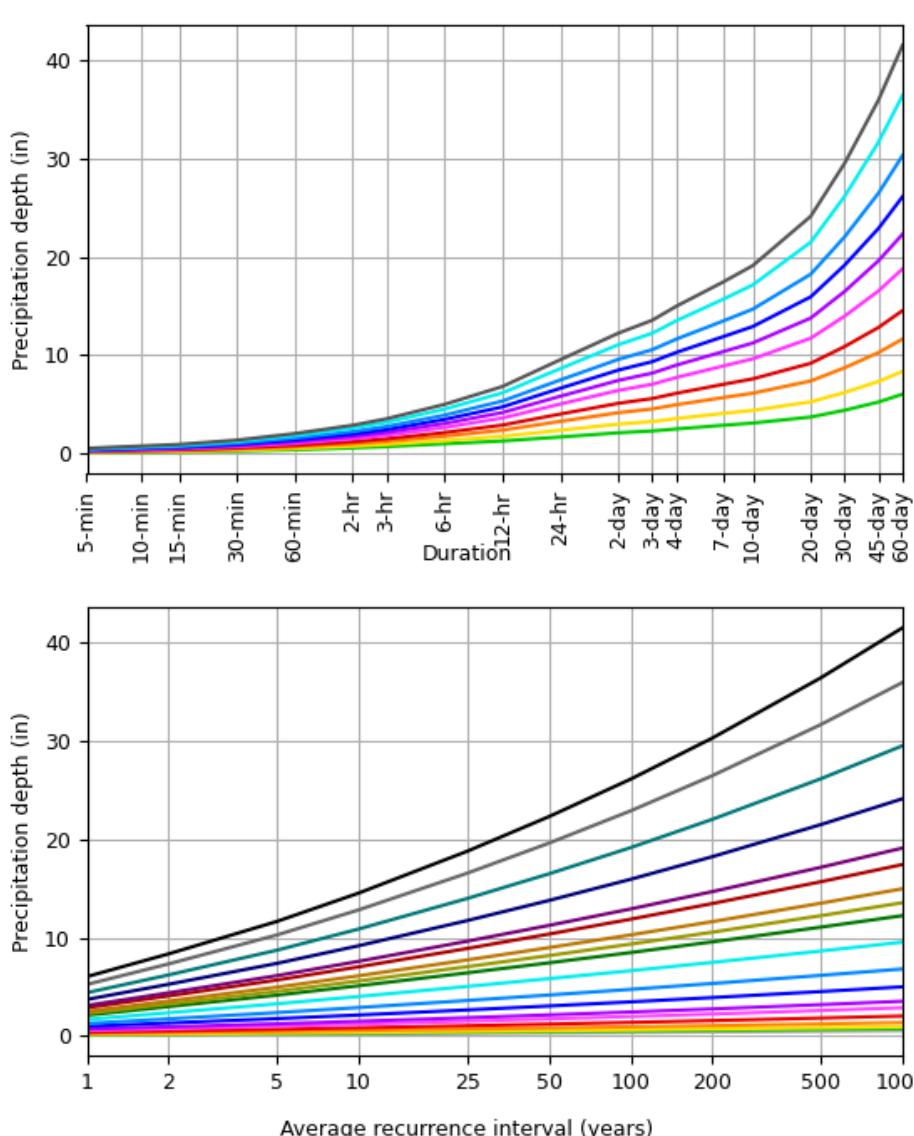
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves
Latitude: 33.8802°, Longitude: -117.5718°



Average recurrence interval (years)
1
2
5
10
25
50
100
200
500
1000

Duration
5-min
10-min
15-min
30-min
60-min
2-hr
3-hr
6-hr
12-hr
24-hr
2-day
3-day
4-day
7-day
10-day
20-day
30-day
45-day
60-day

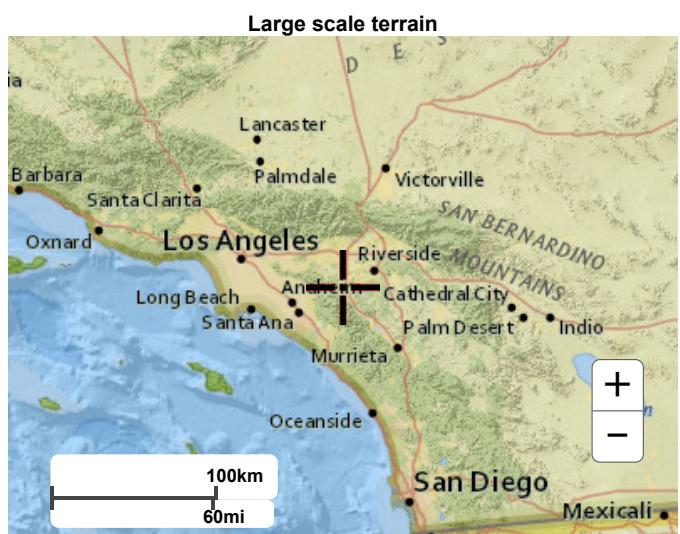
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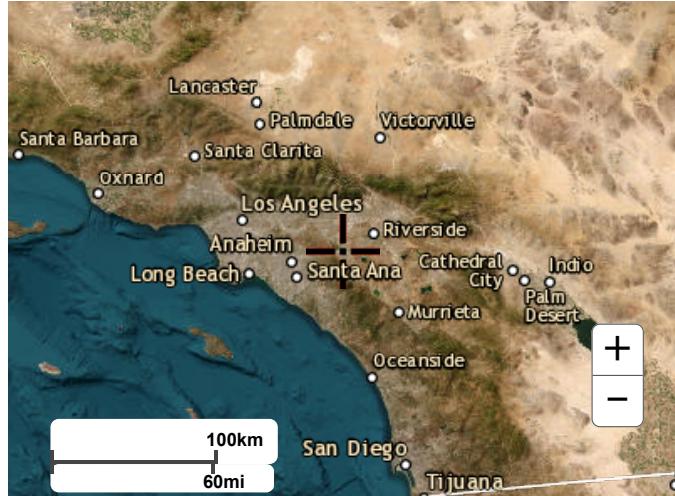
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[Small scale terrain](#)



Large scale aerial

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III. EXISTING HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

- 2/10/100-Year Storm Hydrology Calculations for Area: A
- 2/10/100-Year Storm Hydrology Calculations for Area: B
- Hydrology Map
- 100- Year Synthetic Unit Hydrograph for Area: A

PROPOSED HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

- 2/10/100-Year Storm Hydrology Calculations
- Hydrology Map
- 100- Year Synthetic Unit Hydrograph

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24 File: PRE2CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
2 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrol ogy Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 2.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 2.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.584(in/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 625.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 653.800(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 637.060(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 16.740(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02678 s(percent) = 2.68
TC = $k(0.530)^*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 14.357 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.159(ln/Hr) for a 2.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.680
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 0.890(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.130(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 1.13 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24 File: PRE10CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE-DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrol ogy Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 10.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 625.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 653.800(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 637.060(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 16.740(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02678 s(percent) = 2.68
TC = $k(0.530)^*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 14.357 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.867(ln/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.749
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 1.581(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.130(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 1.13 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24

File: PRE100CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 100.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 625.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 653.800(Ft.)

Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 637.060(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 16.740(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02678 s(percent)= 2.68
 $TC = k(0.530)^*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 14.357 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.881(ln/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.796
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Previous area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 2.591(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.130(Ac.)
Previous area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 1.13 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24 File: PRE2CORONAB.out

CORONA 2ND
2 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA B

***** Hydrol ogy Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 2.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 2.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.584(in/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 104.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 654.900(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 651.300(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 3.600(Ft.)
Slope = 0.03462 s(percent) = 3.46
TC = $k(0.530)^*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 6.656 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.677(ln/Hr) for a 2.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.735
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 0.468(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.380(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 0.38 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24

File: PRE10CORONAB.out

CORONA 2ND
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA B

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 10.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 104.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 654.900(Ft.)

Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 651.300(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 3.600(Ft.)
Slope = 0.03462 s(percent)= 3.46
 $TC = k(0.530)^*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 6.656 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.701(ln/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.790
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Previous area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 0.811(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.380(Ac.)
Previous area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 0.38 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24

File: PRE100CORONAB.out

CORONA 2ND
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE-DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA B

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 100.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 104.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 654.900(Ft.)

Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 651.300(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 3.600(Ft.)
Slope = 0.03462 s(percent)= 3.46
 $TC = k(0.530)^*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 6.656 min.
Rainfall intensity = 4.166(in/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.825
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 78.00
Previous area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 1.307(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.380(Ac.)
Previous area fraction = 1.000
End of computations, total study area = 0.38 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 1.000
Area averaged RI index number = 78.0

Unit Hydrograph Analysis

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Study date 05/08/24 File: PRE100CORONAUH24100.out

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Riverside County Synthetic Unit Hydrology Method
RCFC & WCD Manual date - April 1978

Program License Serial Number 6539

English (in-lb) Input Units Used
English Rainfall Data (Inches) Input Values Used

English Units used in output format

CORONA 2ND
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
PRE DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

Drainage Area = 1.13(Ac.) = 0.002 Sq. Mi.
Drainage Area for Depth-Area Areal Adjustment = 1.13(Ac.) =
0.002 Sq. Mi.
Length along longest watercourse = 625.00(Ft.)
Length along longest watercourse measured to centroid = 312.50(Ft.)
Length along longest watercourse = 0.118 Mi.
Length along longest watercourse measured to centroid = 0.059 Mi.
Difference in elevation = 16.74(Ft.)
Slope along watercourse = 141.4195 Ft./Mi.
Average Manning's 'N' = 0.040
Lag time = 0.057 Hr.
Lag time = 3.41 Min.
25% of lag time = 0.85 Min.
40% of lag time = 1.37 Min.
Unit time = 30.00 Min.
Duration of storm = 24 Hour(s)
User Entered Base Flow = 0.00(CFS)

2 YEAR Area rainfall data:

Area(Ac.)[1]	Rainfall (In)[2]	Weighting[1*2]
1.13	2.37	2.68

100 YEAR Area rainfall data:

Area(Ac.)[1]	Rainfall (In)[2]	Weighting[1*2]
1.13	6.64	7.50

STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
 Area Averaged 2-Year Rainfall = 2.370 (In)
 Area Averaged 100-Year Rainfall = 6.640 (In)

Point rain (area averaged) = 6.640 (In)
 Areal adjustment factor = 100.00 %
 Adjusted average point rain = 6.640 (In)

Sub-Area Data:

Area(Ac.)	Runoff Index	Impervious %
1.130	91.00	0.000
Total Area Entered	=	1.13(Ac.)

RI	RI	Infil.	Rate	Impervious	Adj.	Infil.	Rate	Area%	F
AMC2	AMC-3		(In/Hr)	(Dec. %)		(In/Hr)	(Dec.)	(In/Hr)	
91.0	96.4		0.047	0.000		0.047	1.000	0.047	
							Sum (F)	=	0.047

Area averaged mean soil loss (F) (In/Hr) = 0.047

Minimum soil loss rate ((In/Hr)) = 0.023

(for 24 hour storm duration)

Soil loss rate (decimal) = 0.900

Unit Hydrograph
VALLEY S-Curve

Unit Hydrograph Data

Unit time period	Time % of lag	Distribution Graph %	Unit Hydrograph (CFS)
(hrs)			
1	0.500	879.063	100.000
		Sum = 100.000	Sum= 1.139

The following loss rate calculations reflect use of the minimum calculated loss rate subtracted from the Storm Rain to produce the maximum Effective Rain value

Unit Time Pattern	Storm Rain	Loss rate (In./Hr)	Effective
(Hr.) Percent	(In/Hr)	Max | Low	(In/Hr)

1	0.50	0.50	0.066	(	0.082)	0.060	0.007
2	1.00	0.70	0.093	(	0.080	(	0.084)
3	1.50	0.60	0.080	(	0.078)	(	0.072)
4	2.00	0.70	0.093	(	0.077	(	0.084)
5	2.50	0.80	0.106	(	0.075	(	0.096)
6	3.00	1.00	0.133	(	0.073	(	0.120)
7	3.50	1.00	0.133	(	0.071	(	0.120)
8	4.00	1.10	0.146	(	0.069	(	0.131)
9	4.50	1.30	0.173	(	0.068	(	0.155)
10	5.00	1.50	0.199	(	0.066	(	0.179)
11	5.50	1.30	0.173	(	0.064	(	0.155)
12	6.00	1.60	0.212	(	0.062	(	0.191)
13	6.50	1.80	0.239	(	0.061	(	0.215)
14	7.00	2.00	0.266	(	0.059	(	0.239)
15	7.50	2.10	0.279	(	0.058	(	0.251)
16	8.00	2.50	0.332	(	0.056	(	0.299)
17	8.50	3.00	0.398	(	0.054	(	0.359)
18	9.00	3.30	0.438	(	0.053	(	0.394)
19	9.50	3.90	0.518	(	0.051	(	0.466)
20	10.00	4.30	0.571	(	0.050	(	0.514)
21	10.50	3.00	0.398	(	0.049	(	0.359)
22	11.00	4.00	0.531	(	0.047	(	0.478)
23	11.50	3.80	0.505	(	0.046	(	0.454)
24	12.00	3.50	0.465	(	0.044	(	0.418)
25	12.50	5.10	0.677	(	0.043	(	0.610)
26	13.00	5.70	0.757	(	0.042	(	0.681)
27	13.50	6.80	0.903	(	0.041	(	0.813)
28	14.00	4.60	0.611	(	0.039	(	0.550)
29	14.50	5.30	0.704	(	0.038	(	0.633)
30	15.00	5.10	0.677	(	0.037	(	0.610)
31	15.50	4.70	0.624	(	0.036	(	0.562)
32	16.00	3.80	0.505	(	0.035	(	0.454)
33	16.50	0.80	0.106	(	0.034	(	0.096)
34	17.00	0.60	0.080	(	0.033	(	0.072)
35	17.50	1.00	0.133	(	0.032	(	0.120)
36	18.00	0.90	0.120	(	0.031	(	0.108)
37	18.50	0.80	0.106	(	0.030	(	0.096)
38	19.00	0.50	0.066	(	0.029	(	0.060)
39	19.50	0.70	0.093	(	0.028	(	0.084)
40	20.00	0.50	0.066	(	0.027	(	0.060)
41	20.50	0.60	0.080	(	0.027	(	0.072)
42	21.00	0.50	0.066	(	0.026	(	0.060)
43	21.50	0.50	0.066	(	0.025	(	0.060)
44	22.00	0.50	0.066	(	0.025	(	0.060)
45	22.50	0.50	0.066	(	0.024	(	0.060)
46	23.00	0.40	0.053	(	0.024	(	0.048)
47	23.50	0.40	0.053	(	0.024	(	0.048)
48	24.00	0.40	0.053	(	0.023	(	0.048)

(Loss Rate Not Used)

Sum = 100.0

Sum = 11.1

Flood volume = Effective rainfall

times area $1.1(\text{Ac.}) / [(\text{In}) / (\text{Ft.})] =$ $0.5(\text{Ac. Ft})$
 Total soil loss = $1.11(\text{In})$
 Total soil loss = $0.104(\text{Ac. Ft})$
 Total rainfall = $6.64(\text{In})$
 Flood volume = $22687.0 \text{ Cubic Feet}$
 Total soil loss = $4549.6 \text{ Cubic Feet}$

Peak flow rate of this hydrograph = $0.983(\text{CFS})$

+++++
24 - H O U R S T O R M
R u n o f f H y d r o g r a p h

Hydrograph in 30 Minute intervals ((CFS))

Time(h+m)	Volume Ac. Ft	Q(CFS)	0	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0
0+30	0.0003	0.01	Q				
1+ 0	0.0009	0.01	Q				
1+30	0.0013	0.01	Q				
2+ 0	0.0021	0.02	Q				
2+30	0.0035	0.04	Q				
3+ 0	0.0064	0.07	Q				
3+30	0.0093	0.07	Q				
4+ 0	0.0129	0.09	Q				
4+30	0.0178	0.12	QV				
5+ 0	0.0241	0.15	QV				
5+30	0.0292	0.12	Q V				
6+ 0	0.0363	0.17	Q V				
6+30	0.0447	0.20	Q V				
7+ 0	0.0544	0.24	Q V				
7+30	0.0648	0.25	Q V				
8+ 0	0.0778	0.31	Q V				
8+30	0.0940	0.39	Q V				
9+ 0	0.1121	0.44	Q V				
9+30	0.1341	0.53	Q V				
10+ 0	0.1586	0.59	Q V				
10+30	0.1751	0.40	Q V				
11+ 0	0.1979	0.55	Q V				
11+30	0.2195	0.52	Q V				
12+ 0	0.2393	0.48	Q V				
12+30	0.2691	0.72	Q V				
13+ 0	0.3028	0.81	Q V				
13+30	0.3434	0.98	Q V				
14+ 0	0.3703	0.65	Q V				
14+30	0.4017	0.76	Q V				
15+ 0	0.4318	0.73	Q V				
15+30	0.4595	0.67	Q V				
16+ 0	0.4816	0.54	Q V				
16+30	0.4850	0.08	Q V				

17+ 0	0.4873	0.05	Q				V
17+30	0.4920	0.12	Q				V
18+ 0	0.4962	0.10	Q				V
18+30	0.4998	0.09	Q				V
19+ 0	0.5015	0.04	Q				V
19+30	0.5046	0.07	Q				V
20+ 0	0.5064	0.04	Q				V
20+30	0.5089	0.06	Q				V
21+ 0	0.5108	0.05	Q				V
21+30	0.5127	0.05	Q				V
22+ 0	0.5147	0.05	Q				V
22+30	0.5167	0.05	Q				V
23+ 0	0.5180	0.03	Q				V
23+30	0.5194	0.03	Q				V
24+ 0	0.5208	0.03	Q				V

PRE-DEVELOPMENT SITE CONDITION HYDROLOGY MAP

HYDROLOGY LEGEND



HYDROLOGY SUB-AREAS



HYDROLOGY DRAINAGE BOUNDARY



FLOW LINE

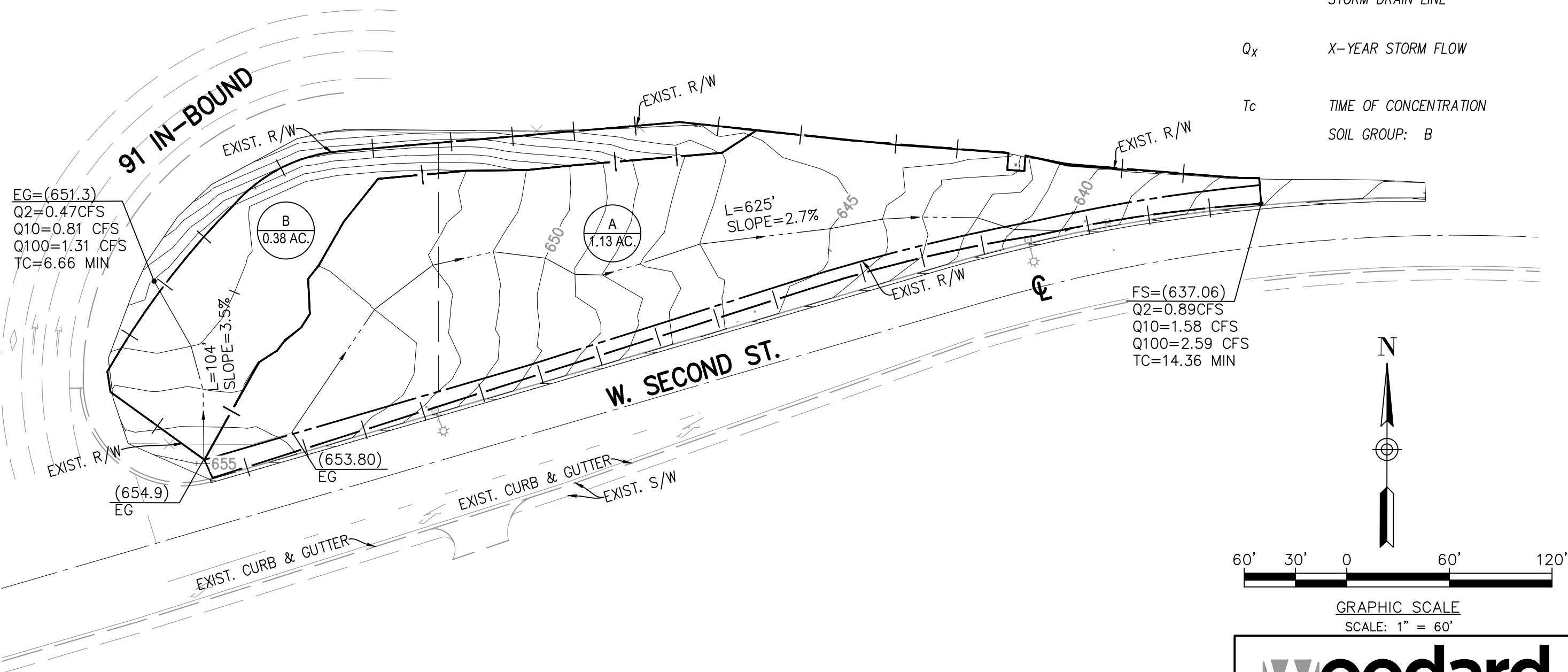


STORM DRAIN LINE

Q_x X-YEAR STORM FLOW

T_c TIME OF CONCENTRATION

SOIL GROUP: B



Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24 File: PST2CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
2 YEAR STORM EVENT
POST DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 2.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 2.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.584(in/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 520.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 651.930(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 639.000(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 12.930(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02487 s(percent)= 2.49
TC = $k(0.300) * [(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 7.663 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.567(ln/Hr) for a 2.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.864
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 56.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 1.814(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.340(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100
End of computations, total study area = 1.34 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.100
Area averaged RI index number = 56.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24 File: PST10CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
POST DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 10.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 520.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 651.930(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 639.000(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 12.930(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02487 s(percent)= 2.49
TC = $k(0.300)^*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 7.663 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.524(ln/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.874
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 56.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 2.955(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.340(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100
End of computations, total study area = 1.34 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.100
Area averaged RI index number = 56.0

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 05/08/24

File: PST100CORONA.out

CORONA 2ND
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
POST DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6539

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Corona] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.220(in/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.940(in/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 3.430(in/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Storm event year = 100.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 1.450(in/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4800

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 520.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 651.930(Ft.)

Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 639.000(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 12.930(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02487 s(percent)= 2.49
 $TC = k(0.300)^*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 7.663 min.
Rainfall intensity = 3.894(ln/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.881
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 56.00
Previous area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 4.596(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.340(Ac.)
Previous area fraction = 0.100
End of computations, total study area = 1.34 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged previous area fraction(A_p) = 0.100
Area averaged RI index number = 56.0

Unit Hydrograph Analysis

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Study date 05/08/24 File: PST100CORONAUH24100.out

++++++

Riverside County Synthetic Unit Hydrology Method
RCFC & WCD Manual date - April 1978

Program License Serial Number 6539

English (in-lb) Input Units Used
English Rainfall Data (Inches) Input Values Used

English Units used in output format

CORONA 2ND
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
POST DEVELOPMENT - SUB-AREA A

Drainage Area = 1.34(Ac.) = 0.002 Sq. Mi.
Drainage Area for Depth-Area Areal Adjustment = 1.34(Ac.) =
0.002 Sq. Mi.
Length along longest watercourse = 520.00(Ft.)
Length along longest watercourse measured to centroid = 260.00(Ft.)
Length along longest watercourse = 0.098 Mi.
Length along longest watercourse measured to centroid = 0.049 Mi.
Difference in elevation = 12.93(Ft.)
Slope along watercourse = 131.2892 Ft./Mi.
Average Manning's 'N' = 0.015
Lag time = 0.019 Hr.
Lag time = 1.13 Min.
25% of lag time = 0.28 Min.
40% of lag time = 0.45 Min.
Unit time = 30.00 Min.
Duration of storm = 24 Hour(s)
User Entered Base Flow = 0.00(CFS)

2 YEAR Area rainfall data:

Area(Ac.)[1]	Rainfall (In)[2]	Weighting[1*2]
1.34	2.37	3.18

100 YEAR Area rainfall data:

Area(Ac.)[1]	Rainfall (In)[2]	Weighting[1*2]
1.34	6.64	8.90

STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
 Area Averaged 2-Year Rainfall = 2.370(In)
 Area Averaged 100-Year Rainfall = 6.640(In)

Point rain (area averaged) = 6.640(In)
 Areal adjustment factor = 100.00 %
 Adjusted average point rain = 6.640(In)

Sub-Area Data:

Area(Ac.)	Runoff Index	Impervious %
1.340	56.00	0.770
Total Area Entered	=	1.34(Ac.)

RI	RI	Infil. Rate	Impervious	Adj.	Infil. Rate	Area%	F
AMC2	AMC-3	(In/Hr)	(Dec. %)	(In/Hr)	(Dec.)	(In/Hr)	
56.0	74.8	0.305	0.770	0.094	1.000	0.094	
					Sum (F)	=	0.094

Area averaged mean soil loss (F) (In/Hr) = 0.094

Minimum soil loss rate ((In/Hr)) = 0.047
 (for 24 hour storm duration)

Soil loss rate (decimal) = 0.280

Unit Hydrograph
VALLEY S-Curve

Unit Hydrograph Data

Unit time period	Time % of lag	Distribution Graph %	Unit Hydrograph (CFS)
(hrs)			
1	0.500	2658.041	100.000
		Sum = 100.000	Sum= 1.350

The following loss rate calculations reflect use of the minimum calculated loss rate subtracted from the Storm Rain to produce the maximum Effective Rain value

Unit Time Pattern	Storm Rain	Loss rate (In./Hr)	Effective
(Hr.) Percent	(In/Hr)	Max | Low	(In/Hr)

1	0.50	0.50	0.066	(0.165)	0.019	0.048
2	1.00	0.70	0.093	(0.161)	0.026	0.067
3	1.50	0.60	0.080	(0.157)	0.022	0.057
4	2.00	0.70	0.093	(0.153)	0.026	0.067
5	2.50	0.80	0.106	(0.150)	0.030	0.076
6	3.00	1.00	0.133	(0.146)	0.037	0.096
7	3.50	1.00	0.133	(0.142)	0.037	0.096
8	4.00	1.10	0.146	(0.139)	0.041	0.105
9	4.50	1.30	0.173	(0.135)	0.048	0.124
10	5.00	1.50	0.199	(0.132)	0.056	0.143
11	5.50	1.30	0.173	(0.128)	0.048	0.124
12	6.00	1.60	0.212	(0.125)	0.059	0.153
13	6.50	1.80	0.239	(0.122)	0.067	0.172
14	7.00	2.00	0.266	(0.119)	0.074	0.191
15	7.50	2.10	0.279	(0.115)	0.078	0.201
16	8.00	2.50	0.332	(0.112)	0.093	0.239
17	8.50	3.00	0.398	0.109	(0.112)	0.289
18	9.00	3.30	0.438	0.106	(0.123)	0.332
19	9.50	3.90	0.518	0.103	(0.145)	0.415
20	10.00	4.30	0.571	0.100	(0.160)	0.471
21	10.50	3.00	0.398	0.097	(0.112)	0.301
22	11.00	4.00	0.531	0.095	(0.149)	0.437
23	11.50	3.80	0.505	0.092	(0.141)	0.413
24	12.00	3.50	0.465	0.089	(0.130)	0.376
25	12.50	5.10	0.677	0.086	(0.190)	0.591
26	13.00	5.70	0.757	0.084	(0.212)	0.673
27	13.50	6.80	0.903	0.081	(0.253)	0.822
28	14.00	4.60	0.611	0.079	(0.171)	0.532
29	14.50	5.30	0.704	0.076	(0.197)	0.627
30	15.00	5.10	0.677	0.074	(0.190)	0.603
31	15.50	4.70	0.624	0.072	(0.175)	0.552
32	16.00	3.80	0.505	0.070	(0.141)	0.435
33	16.50	0.80	0.106	(0.068)	0.030	0.076
34	17.00	0.60	0.080	(0.066)	0.022	0.057
35	17.50	1.00	0.133	(0.064)	0.037	0.096
36	18.00	0.90	0.120	(0.062)	0.033	0.086
37	18.50	0.80	0.106	(0.060)	0.030	0.076
38	19.00	0.50	0.066	(0.058)	0.019	0.048
39	19.50	0.70	0.093	(0.057)	0.026	0.067
40	20.00	0.50	0.066	(0.055)	0.019	0.048
41	20.50	0.60	0.080	(0.054)	0.022	0.057
42	21.00	0.50	0.066	(0.052)	0.019	0.048
43	21.50	0.50	0.066	(0.051)	0.019	0.048
44	22.00	0.50	0.066	(0.050)	0.019	0.048
45	22.50	0.50	0.066	(0.049)	0.019	0.048
46	23.00	0.40	0.053	(0.048)	0.015	0.038
47	23.50	0.40	0.053	(0.047)	0.015	0.038
48	24.00	0.40	0.053	(0.047)	0.015	0.038

(Loss Rate Not Used)

Sum = 100.0

Sum = 10.7

Flood volume = Effective rainfall

times area $1.3(\text{Ac.}) / [(\text{In}) / (\text{Ft.})] =$ $0.6(\text{Ac. Ft})$
 Total soil loss = $1.27(\text{In})$
 Total soil loss = $0.141(\text{Ac. Ft})$
 Total rainfall = $6.64(\text{In})$
 Flood volume = $26137.2 \text{ Cubic Feet}$
 Total soil loss = $6161.0 \text{ Cubic Feet}$

Peak flow rate of this hydrograph = $1.110(\text{CFS})$

+++++
24 - H O U R S T O R M
R u n o f f H y d r o g r a p h

Hydrograph in 30 Minute intervals ((CFS))

Time(h+m)	Volume Ac. Ft	Q(CFS)	0	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0
0+30	0.0027	0.06	Q				
1+ 0	0.0064	0.09	Q				
1+30	0.0096	0.08	Q				
2+ 0	0.0133	0.09	Q				
2+30	0.0176	0.10	QV				
3+ 0	0.0230	0.13	QV				
3+30	0.0283	0.13	QV				
4+ 0	0.0342	0.14	Q V				
4+30	0.0411	0.17	Q V				
5+ 0	0.0491	0.19	Q V				
5+30	0.0561	0.17	Q V				
6+ 0	0.0646	0.21	Q V				
6+30	0.0742	0.23	Q V				
7+ 0	0.0849	0.26	Q V				
7+30	0.0961	0.27	Q V				
8+ 0	0.1094	0.32	Q V				
8+30	0.1256	0.39	Q V				
9+ 0	0.1441	0.45	Q V				
9+30	0.1673	0.56	Q V				
10+ 0	0.1936	0.64	Q V				
10+30	0.2104	0.41	Q V				
11+ 0	0.2348	0.59	Q V				
11+30	0.2578	0.56	Q V				
12+ 0	0.2788	0.51	Q V				
12+30	0.3118	0.80	Q V				
13+ 0	0.3494	0.91	Q V				
13+30	0.3953	1.11	Q V				
14+ 0	0.4250	0.72	Q V				
14+30	0.4600	0.85	Q V				
15+ 0	0.4937	0.81	Q V				
15+30	0.5245	0.75	Q V				
16+ 0	0.5488	0.59	Q V				
16+30	0.5530	0.10	Q V				

17+ 0	0. 5563	0. 08	Q				V
17+30	0. 5616	0. 13	Q				V
18+ 0	0. 5664	0. 12	Q				V
18+30	0. 5707	0. 10	Q				V
19+ 0	0. 5733	0. 06	Q				V
19+30	0. 5771	0. 09	Q				V
20+ 0	0. 5797	0. 06	Q				V
20+30	0. 5829	0. 08	Q				V
21+ 0	0. 5856	0. 06	Q				V
21+30	0. 5883	0. 06	Q				V
22+ 0	0. 5910	0. 06	Q				V
22+30	0. 5936	0. 06	Q				V
23+ 0	0. 5958	0. 05	Q				V
23+30	0. 5979	0. 05	Q				V
24+ 0	0. 6000	0. 05	Q				V

POST-DEVELOPMENT SITE CONDITION

HYDROLOGY MAP

HYDROLOGY LEGEND



HYDROLOGY SUB-AREAS

—|— HYDROLOGY DRAINAGE BOUNDARY

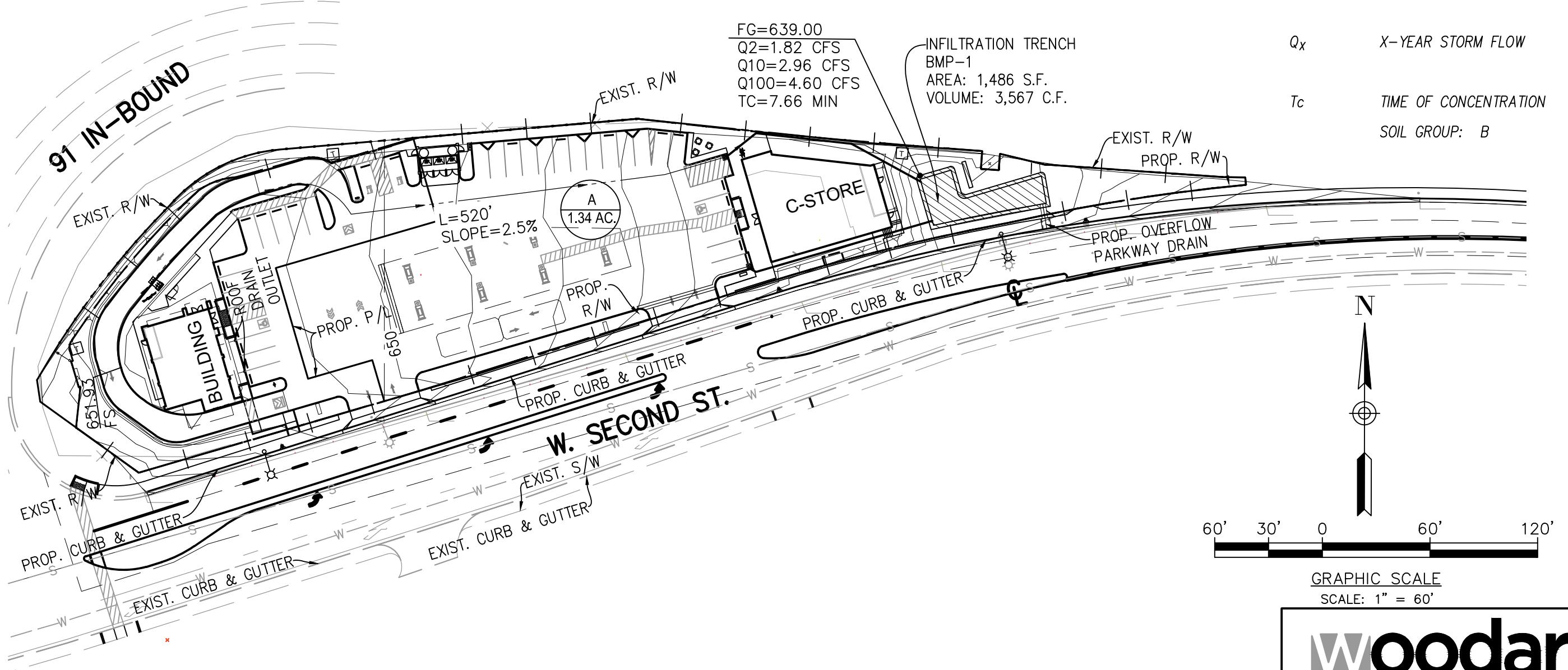
— — FLOW LINE

— — STORM DRAIN LINE

Q_x X-YEAR STORM FLOW

T_c TIME OF CONCENTRATION

SOIL GROUP: B



IV. WQMP CALCULATIONS AND EXHIBIT
(FOR REFERENCE ONLY. REFER TO WQMP REPORT FOR FULL REPORT)

- Preliminary Infiltration Trench design calculations
- WQMP Exhibit

Infiltration Trench - Design Procedure	BMP ID BMP-1	Legend:	Required Entries Calculated Cells
Company Name: Designed by:	Woodard Group OG	Date:	5/1/2024
Design Volume			
Enter the area tributary to this feature, Max = 10 acres		$A_t =$	1 acres
Enter V_{BMP} determined from Section 2.1 of this Handbook		$V_{BMP} =$	2,605 ft ³
Calculate Maximum Depth of the Reservoir Layer			
Enter Infiltration rate	I =	9.8	in/hr
Enter Factor of Safety, FS (unitless)	FS =	3	
<i>Obtain from Table 1, Appendix A: "Infiltration Testing" of this BMP Handbook</i>			
Calculate D_1 .	$D_1 = \frac{I \text{ (in/hr)} \times 72 \text{ hrs}}{12 \text{ (in/ft)} \times (n/100) \times FS}$	$D_1 =$	48.95 ft
Enter depth to historic high groundwater mark (measured from finished grade)		60	ft
Enter depth to top of bedrock or impermeable layer (measured from finished grade)		100	ft
D_2 is the smaller of:			
Depth to groundwater - 11 ft; & Depth to impermeable layer - 6 ft	$D_2 =$	49.0	ft
D_{MAX} is the smaller value of D_1 and D_2 , must be less than or equal to 8 feet.	$D_{MAX} =$	8.0	ft
Trench Sizing			
Enter proposed reservoir layer depth D_R , must be $\leq D_{MAX}$	$D_R =$	6.00	ft
Calculate the design depth of water, d_W			
Design $d_W = (D_R) \times (n/100)$	Design $d_W =$	2.40	ft
Minimum Surface Area, A_S	$A_S = \frac{V_{BMP}}{d_W}$	$A_S =$	1,085 ft ²
Proposed Design Surface Area	$A_D =$	1,486	ft ²
Minimum Width = $D_R + 1$ foot pea gravel		7.00	ft
Sediment Control Provided? (Use pulldown)			
Geotechnical report attached? (Use pulldown)			
<small>If the trench has been designed correctly, there should be no error messages on the spreadsheet.</small>			

Drawdown Calculation

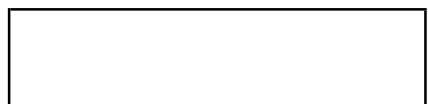
System A

Surface Area from Plan **1486** SF
Raw Inf. Rate **9.8** In/hr
FS 3
Infiltration Rate 3.2667
 0.2722 ft/hr

Basin inf. Rate 404.52 CF/hr

Volume req. **2662.8** CF

Drawdown time **6.5826 hours <48**
 Good

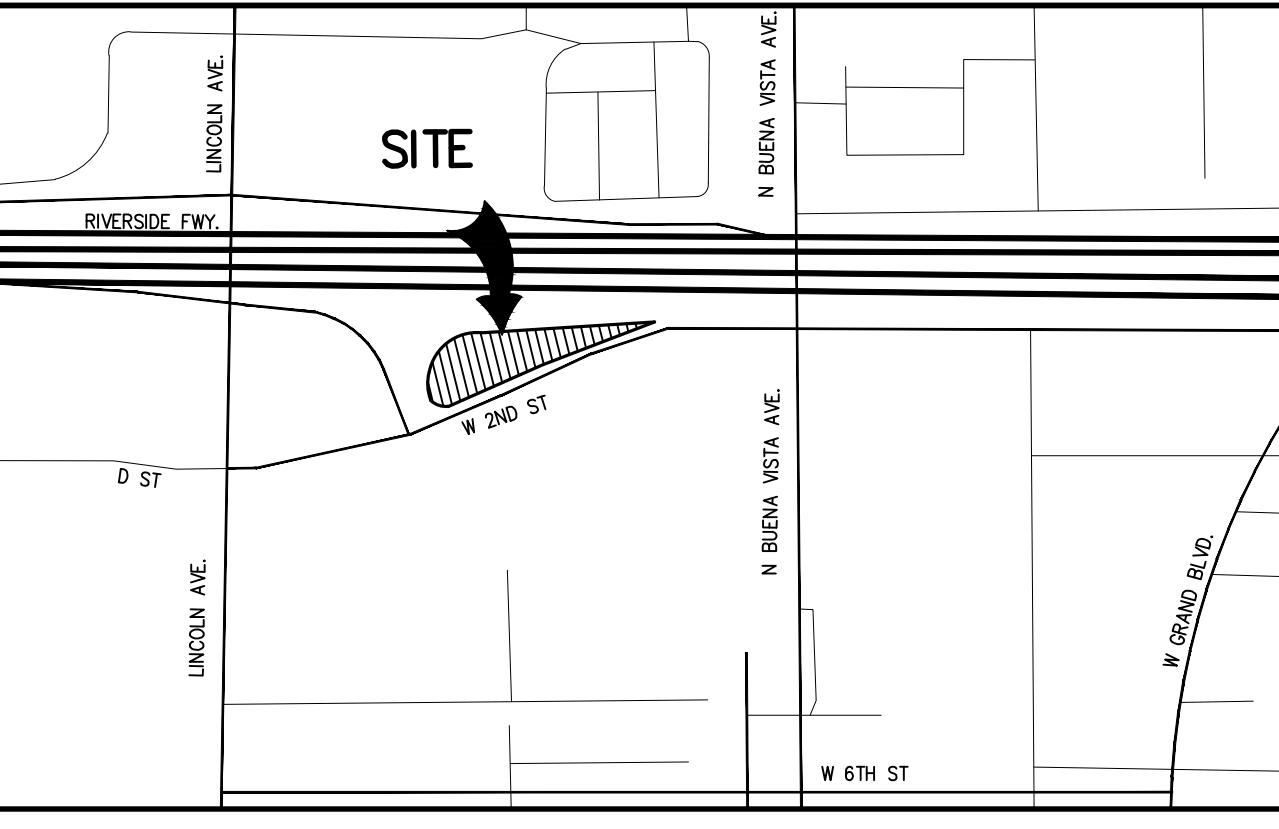
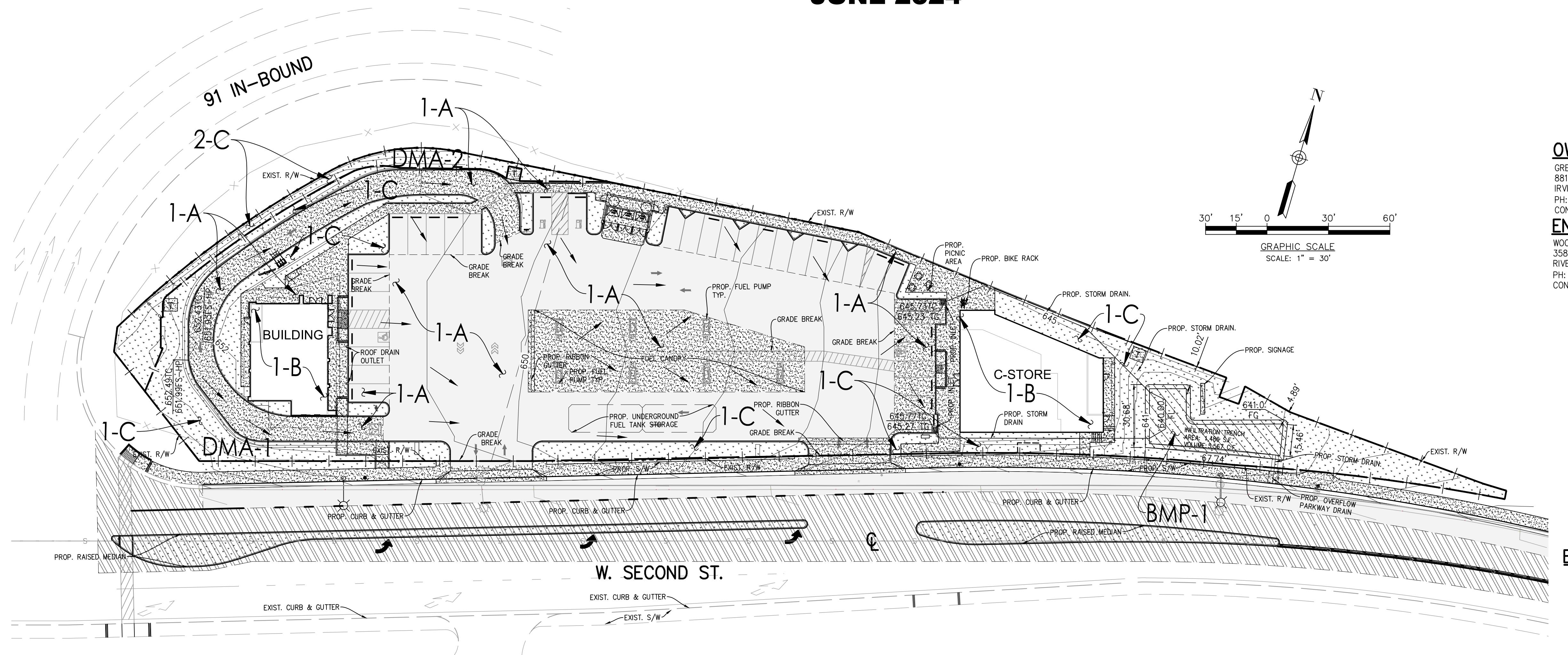


WQMP SITE PLAN

W. SECOND STREET & 91 FREEWAY

CORONA, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 2024



VICINITY MAP
SECTION 26, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 7 WEST
NOT TO SCALE

OWNER/APPLICANT

GREENS LA CADENA LLC
8815 RESEARCH DRIVE
IRVINE, CA 92618
PH: (949) 322-1760
CONTACT: ATMAN KADAKIA

ENGINEER

WOODARD GROUP
3585 MAIN STREET, SUITE 205
RIVERSIDE, CA 92501
PH: (951) 907-5077
CONTACT: ANDREW C. WOODARD

LEGEND

EXISTING PROPERTY LINE
PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY
EXISTING CENTERLINE
PROPOSED CURB
EXISTING CURB
PROPOSED SIDEWALK
EXISTING SIDEWALK
EXISTING DIRT ROAD
PROPOSED PARKING STRIPE
EXISTING EASEMENT
EXISTING CONTOUR MAJOR
EXISTING CONTOUR MINOR
EXISTING FENCE
EXISTING BUILDING
EXISTING CONCRETE
PROPOSED UNDERGROUND UTILITY
EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY
PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT
EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
EXISTING CONTOUR ELEVATION
EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION
ROOF DRAIN
PROPOSED AC PAVEMENT
PROPOSED LANDSCAPE
PROPOSED CONCRETE
PROPOSED INFILTRATION TRENCH

BMP LEGEND

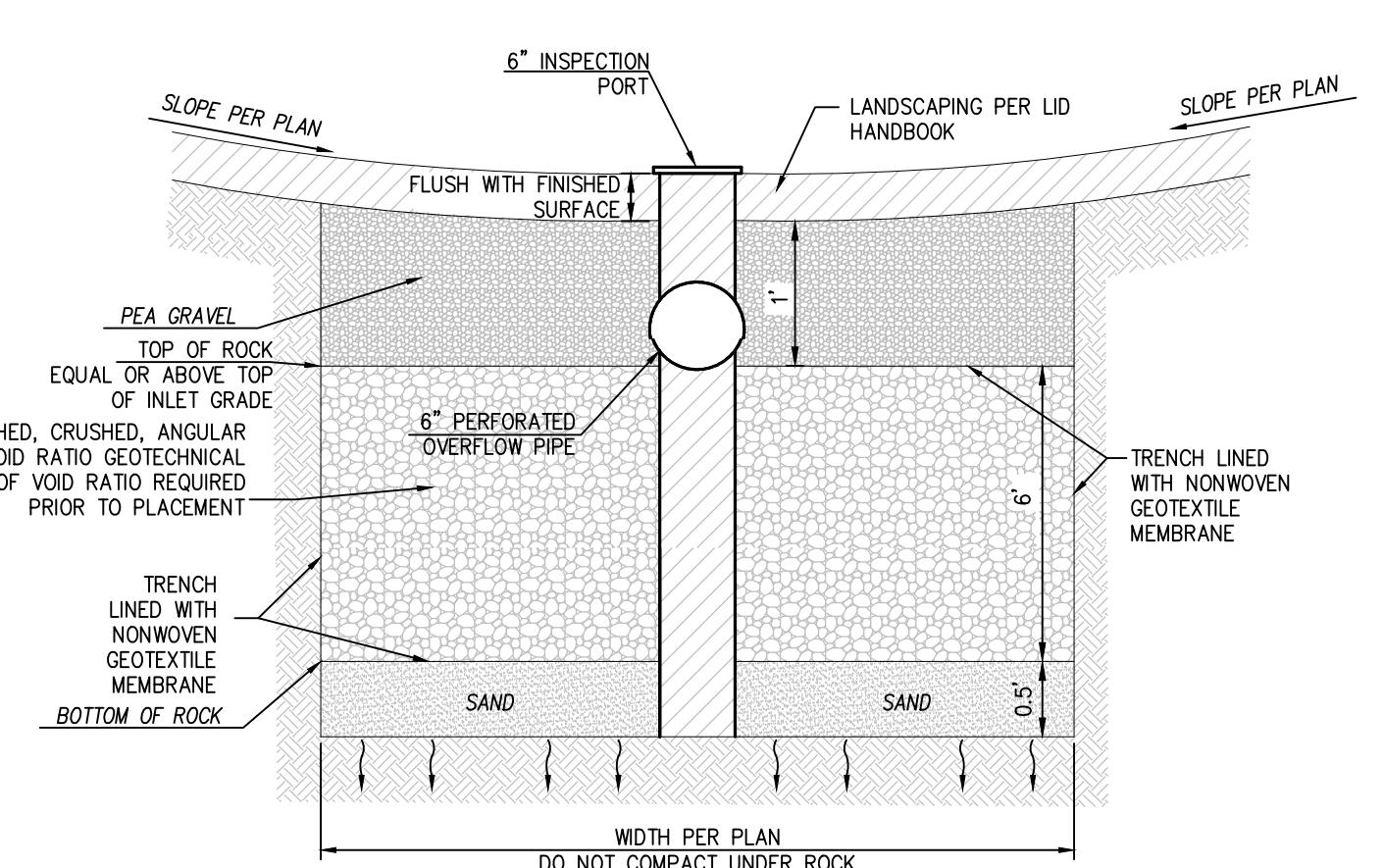
→	DIRECTION OF FLOW
—	PROPOSED DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREA BOUNDARY
1-A	PROPOSED DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREA IDENTIFICATION
BMP-1	PROPOSED INFILTRATION TRENCH

LID SOURCE CONTROL

- ON-SITE STORM DRAIN INLET – MAINTAIN PERIODICALLY
- LANDSCAPE / OUTDOOR PESTICIDE USE – MAINTAIN LANDSCAPE USING MINIMUM OR NO PESTICIDES. MINIMIZE IRRIGATION AND RUNOFF TO PROMOTE SURFACE INFILTRATION.
- REFUSE AREAS – OUTDOORS DUMPSTERS OR OTHER RECEPTACLES
- FOOD SERVICES – DESIGNATED CLEANING AREAS
- FUEL DISPENSING AREAS – DRY SWEEP THE FUELING AREA ROUTINELY.
- PARKING LOT – SWEEP REGULARLY

LOT DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREAS									
DMA ID	SURFACE TYPE	AREA (S.F.)	PERV. (S.F.)	IMPERV. (S.F.)	% PERV.	% IMPERV.	DCV (CF)	V _{BMP} (CF)	BMP NAME/TYPE
1-A	CONCRETE OR ASPHALT	39,604							
1-B	ROOF	5,456							
1-C	ORNAMENTAL LANDSCAPE	13,380	13,380		22.9	77.1	2,604.5	3,567	DMA-1 INFILTRATION-TRENCH
EFFECTIVE AREA		58,440							

LOT DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREAS									
DMA ID	SURFACE TYPE	AREA (S.F.)	PERV. (S.F.)	IMPERV. (S.F.)	% PERV.	% IMPERV.	DCV (CF)	V _{BMP} (CF)	BMP NAME/TYPE
2-C	ORNAMENTAL LANDSCAPE	2,192	2,192	0	100	0	—	—	DMA-1 SELF TREATING AREA
EFFECTIVE AREA		2,192							



INFILTRATION TRENCH DETAIL – BMP 1
NOT TO SCALE



WQMP SITE PLAN
W. SECOND STREET & 91 FREEWAY

V. Hydraulic calculations

- Parking Drain Capacity Q_{100}

Channel Report

Parkway Drain Capacity Q100

Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 0.40

Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 2.00
N-Value = 0.015

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 4.75

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.30
Q (cfs) = 4.750
Area (sqft) = 0.90
Velocity (ft/s) = 5.28
Wetted Perim (ft) = 3.60
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.40
Top Width (ft) = 3.00
EGL (ft) = 0.73

